

Voluntary Testimonials

GIVEN TO

DR. WOH,
The Eminent Chinese Physician.

No Opium or Poisons Drugs are used in my Practice.



Herbs and Medicines of Absolute Purity can
safely be had and for Sale.

Dr. Woh's life work has been from early youth one of persistent and untiring observation, study and investigation, as fully as lay in his power to perfect himself in all branches of the art of healing human sickness and disease. Born in China, of influential parents, of a family whose ancestors have been for generations deservingly renowned as leading physicians, Dr. Woh naturally followed in the footsteps of his fathers. In China he has practiced his profession for several years, being at one time a physician in the Imperial Hospital, and in America for a long time. His great number of patients, his wonderful and many cures, and the great list of letters from grateful and thankful patrons now prove him to be a remarkable and successful healer of sickness and all diseases.

DR. WOH:
I have been treated with the best physicians of San Francisco for my heart disease, but received no benefit. Three days ago I was recommended to you and began your treatment; before this I was twice completely prostrated by fits on the streets, but today I am in a well man, and I thank you alone for my recovery. Respectfully,
J. G. SIMPSON.

350 S. Hill St., Los Angeles, Cal.
January 10, 1892.

In Cleveland, O., many months ago I came down with a cold which settled in my lungs, terminating in asthma. The doctors said there was no hope of my recovery, but that a change to California might prolong my life. I went to Dr. Woh in San Francisco, and doctored with three physicians—no relief; finally Dr. Woh was recommended to me by a friend. I took his medicines and followed his directions, and today I am perfectly well.

MISS GRACE FIELD,
San Bernardino, Cal.

October 20, 1891.

Dr. Woh has hundreds of similar testimonials, but space alone prevents further publication of them here.

Dr. Woh is the oldest and best-known Chinese Physician in Southern California. His many cures have been remarkable, involving Female Troubles, Tumors and every form of disease.

Communications will be regarded as strictly confidential. Free consultation to every one and all are cordially invited to call upon Dr. Woh at his office, 227 SOUTH MAIN STREET, bet. Second and Third streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

LIEBIG WORLD DISPENSARY
The Los Angeles Surgical Institute,
123 SOUTH MAIN STREET

A Medical and Surgical Institute for the cure of all nervous and chronic diseases Branch of the Dr. Liebig Company of San Francisco, and now located at 123 South Main Street. They are the only specialists in Los Angeles performing the latest surgical operations required for Radical Cancers, Stricture, Hydrocephalus and Varicose veins.

SPECIAL—Blood and Skin Disease speedily corrected; and peritonitis eradicated from the body. Dr. Liebig's Sanitary Water is the best in America and ready to their mode of treatment. Infectious or Contagious Diseases, loss of Vital Power, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Unnatural Discharges and all delicate disorders peculiar to either sex cured. Those suffering from Cancer, Fistulae, Rectal Ulcers, etc., will be restored to health. All medical services in the various labor rooms, and FREE TO PATIENTS. Long experience with unparalleled success, is the best evidence of a doctor's skill. Thousands successfully treated by correspondence.

Each eminent in his specialty, selected for their skill and experience in treating Nervous, Chronic, and Complicated Diseases.

DISSES TREATED SUCCESSFULLY:

Nasal, Throat and Lung Diseases, Diseases of the Digestive Organs; Constipation; Liver, Kidney and Bladder Complaint; Bright's Disease; Diabetes and kindred affections; Disease of the Bladder; Strictures; Fits; Nervous Diseases; Lost Manhood; Piles; Disease of the Heart; Ulcers; Trichomycosis; Separation of the Joints for ladies, and in charge of the Staff Surgeons from San Francisco, who personally perform all surgical operations. They are graduates of one of the leading universities and duly licensed as Physicians and Surgeons in California.

ALL CHRONIC DISEASES AND DEFORMITIES.

The afflicted are informed that this institution is supplied with skill, ability, facilities and appliances for the successful treatment of all classes of disease and chronic ailments, no matter what may arise. Nervous Debility, Lack of Youthful Vigor in Men, the result of excessive use of tobacco, etc., will be entirely cured.

CONSULTATION AND ADVICE FREE.

If the Dr. Liebig Company cannot cure you no power on earth can. Take one candid look before it is too late. Those ruined in health by unskilled practitioners and those whom others have advised as incurable, will be speedily restored to health by the improved methods now adopted. Each patient seen privately and cures guaranteed in curable cases.

The Dr. Liebig Company are the oldest, most reliable and successful San Francisco Special Surgeons and Physicians, and on account of thousands of malreated cases so-called "doctors" in Los Angeles they have opened Permanent Branch Offices in Los Angeles at 123 South Main street. Call or write for particulars. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; 5 p.m. to 9 p.m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 only.

THE ARMOUR PACKING CO.
...of KANSAS CITY...

THROUGH their agents now carry in stock a full line of Compound White Label and Helmet brands of lard. These goods are unsurpassed in quality and are quoted to the trade at the lowest market prices. They will also carry in stock the celebrated "Helmet" hams, breakfast bacon and beef hams. These goods all have a "Helmet" tin tag attached, which is a guarantee of their superior quality. Also salt and dried meats, pigs' feet, canned meats, etc. We solicit correspondence from the trade. See quotations. Terms cash.

BOOTY & CO., Agents, 121 N. Los Angeles st.

RAMONA!

The Gem of the San Gabriel Valley.

ONLY Three Miles from City Limits of Los Angeles.

PROPRIETOR of San Gabriel L.

LOCATED at Shorb's Station on line of S. P. R. R. and San Gabriel Valley Rapid Transit Railroad.

FROM Plaza, Los Angeles city.

CHEAPEST in San Gabriel Town, Los Villa Sites or Acreage Property.

POPULAR Terms.

PUREST Spring Water.

INEXHAUSTIBLE Quantities Guaranteed.

Apply at office of SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,

Ramona, Los Angeles Co., Cal.

Or to M. D. WILLIAMS, Ramona.

DR. KWONG,

The Celebrated Chinese Herb Doctor.

Twenty Years' Practice; Ten in China and Ten in America," is now Located at

NO 320 S. SPRING ST.

(Between Third and Fourth streets)

LOS ANGELES.

Where he can be consulted free of charge.

Without troubling a question. Invites all who are afflicted with any disease, to come and see him. He has been sick for years and failed to get relief elsewhere. This system of treatment has been successful for over ten years.

The Doctor cures 99% of the diseases known in his practice, including cancers, tumors, catarrh, consumption, rheumatism, etc.

No minerals or poisonous drugs are used in his practice. No person will be treated who will not abstain from the use of opium or liquor.

EAGLE STABLES

123 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Good Buys for Somebody!

10 acres eight-year-old bearing orange trees, \$1,000.

12 acres bearing orange trees, balance improved, \$1,000.

20 acres, \$4,000 bearing orange trees, balance improved.

100 acres all in good bearing oranges and rambutans, \$10,000.

Sele agents for all above products, all below regular price. All for improved bearing land from \$500 to \$10,000 each. Unimproved land in tracts to suit purchasers, from 5 acres up to 50 acres each.

T. H. SHARPLESS,

State St., near Hotel Windsor, Redlands, Cal.

AT THE CHURCHES.

The Relation of the Old or Jewish Covenant.

Successful Revival Meetings During the Past Week.

The Necessity of Discipline in Christian Life.

Interesting Sunday Sermons at the First Baptist, St. John's Episcopal, Temple Street Christian, First Methodist and Emmanuel Presbyterians.

exercises—a season of prayer, fasting and penitence. Some people consider it exclusively Romish to fast. He would remind them that our Lord fasted, that his disciples fasted, and that it is a goodly discipline for those who realize its value as a discipline. There is nothing meritorious in God's sight in mere fasting, or abstinence from certain things, unless the object be to bring our bodies into subjection, and to get a greater control over them. We read where Christ, speaking of a certain devil which His disciples were powerless to cast out, said: "This kind goeth not out but by prayer and fasting." There was a certain sin which could only be overcome in this way. That is why the church requires her true children to fast and pray, that whatever sin may beset them they may be better able to overcome it. Even viewed from a secular standpoint, fasting is a good discipline, for if, as a secular writer states, we are becoming a nation of debauchees, fasting is the true scientific corrective. But whatever religious exercise is bodily minded is undertaken this coming Lenten season, let it be real and sincere; free from sham and hypocrisy; for it is better not to observe the solemn season of Lent at all than to make it a delusion and a snare.

IMMANUEL CHURCH.
The subject of Dr. Chichester's sermon yesterday morning was "The Divinity of Christ," his text being taken from the first chapter of John's gospel—"And the Word was God." The doctor has the faculty of investing the profoundest doctrinal subject with a living interest that churchmen often lose as he argued the great fundamental truth of yesterday's discourse from scripture—from experience—from Christ's life.

"Truth moves in tidal waves and on their crests revolution in the political world; reformation in the religious world are born. Martin Luther in religious reformation was the exponent of freedom of thought and action; John Calvin was the exponent of God's sovereignty, and John Wesley of personal holiness and systematic, organized work, while that of Alexander Campbell was unity in Christendom on the basis of the Bible and the Bible only. His plea was for primitive Christianity, Apostolic Christianity, to get away from sectarianism, away from the discordant elements of denominationalism, which produces weakness in the church; breeds skepticism, is the prop of religious strife, impedes missionary progress and is a curse to Christianity, has God's disapproval and is Satan's stronghold in attacking Christianity. In itself it is sinful; it was rebuked by the Apostles; Christ organized but one church. Christian union can only be effected upon the Bible and the Bible alone as a basis; all religious ordinances must be practiced according to the Bible; teaching creeds must be ignored and only points that can universally be agreed upon shall be retained. All can agree only on calling the church the Church of Christ, an adult membership and upon the Bible as authority."

Dr. W. B. Stradley preached at Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, South, yesterday morning to a large congregation, which was filled yesterday morning and evening. The subject of the day was "The Gospel of Good cheer." In Acts xxvi. 22, it is written, "The Gospel of Good cheer." It is the subject of Dr. Chichester's sermon, which is to be cheery and bright; there is a contagion in example. Fault-finding in the sense of unjust and useless criticism should have no place for lodgment in the Christian heart. Scatter seeds of loving deeds, all along life's way.

In the afternoon Bishop Atticus G. Haygood addressed the young people. He advised as a help to keep from falling committing to memory a verse of scripture each day. Prayer and diligent study of the Bible will insure any one a safe walk on the way of life.

The protracted services have been discontinued at Trinity Church, and Bishop Haygood is now holding protracted meetings at the Mateo Mission on Mateo street.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH.

The revival services at the First Methodist Church during the past week have been largely attended and of unusual interest, which still continues unabated. Rev. Dr. J. D. Wood preached yesterday morning to a crowded house, from the text found in Matthews xxii: 37: "Jesus said unto him, that love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind, and with all thy strength." In the afternoon a sermon was delivered by Rev. Dr. W. D. Campbell, from the text found in Matthews xxii: 37: "Jesus said unto him, that love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind, and with all thy strength."

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for every article received and refund of money have thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, who have been greatly relieved by the use of Aphrodite.

The protracted services have been discontinued at Trinity Church, and Bishop Haygood is now holding protracted meetings at the Mateo Mission on Mateo street.

T. H. C. SPARKS.

The Pentecost service at the First Methodist Church will be continued throughout the year with daily service at 2:30 and 7:30 p.m. Revs. Dr. Bresce, Wood, Cobb, McDonald and Dr. Campbell are conducting these meetings with great power. Night after night the altar is crowded with seekers after a higher life.

Mrs. Beveridge of Chicago, wife of ex-Gov. J. L. Beveridge of Illinois, is in the city at the Hollenbeck. She is a prominent churchwoman, well known in Methodism and frequently heard in public.

SHERIFF MCKENZIE'S VISIT.

The Man O'Brien Not the Person He is Looking After.

Sheriff McKenzie of Napa county and Constable Fitzpatrick of Suisun City, Solano county, who have been in this city presumable for the purpose of investigating a supposed clew to the Greenwood murder, which occurred about a year ago and has up to the present time remained veiled in mystery, at least so far as one of the murderers is concerned, returned north on Saturday night. While here the visiting officers made a tour of the county and city jail and carefully overhauled the prisoners, but beyond recognizing a few old acquaintances, such as the Gold boys, who forged telegrams from Sheriff McKenzie while up north, their trip was ineffectual. They, at first thought, owing to the interest they evinced in the case of Oliver and Harry Edwards, two inmates of the County Jail, that the latter were in some way connected with the Greenwood affair, but it has since been ascertained that the supposition was unfounded and incorrect.

One of the Greenwood murderers was captured in Denver some time ago and made a confession to the effect that he was with the man who actually committed the murders and was compelled to witness them. He stated that he did not know the man, having only met him a short time before the crime was committed.

In the evening Dr. Read occupied the pulpit and gave an interesting talk, illustrated with stereopticon views, preceding by baptism.

A missionary conference under the auspices of the American Baptist Missionary Union will open next Wednesday evening at the First Baptist Church, to continue two days thereafter. Rev. H. C. Marbie, D. D., one of the strongest men of the church, will be a prominent speaker and Revs. Dr. Read, V. A. Henry, A. W. Rider, W. W. Tinker, J. S. Dil, C. E. Harris, Dr. W. H. Pendleton, Alex Grant, William Appel, Peter Grant, J. F. Moody, Dr. Charles Button, Charlie Winslader, E. R. Bennett, Dr. A. Bunker, J. S. Hutchinson, Dr. U. Grey, George E. Dye, A. P. Brown, N. L. Rigby, A. E. Knapp, Dr. T. R. Palmer, J. D. Rumsey, Dr. A. J. Frost, R. Post and Dr. W. N. Clarke will participate in the services which will be held forenoon, afternoon and evening.

PICTURES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

Sketching Outfits

For Artist and Amateur. New articles for painting.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Facsimiles and Water colors.

PIRATES</p

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,

PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.

H. G. OTIS..... President and General Manager.

W. M. SPALDING..... Vice-President.

ALBERT MCPALMAD..... Treasurer.

MARIAN OTIS..... Secretary.

C. O. ALLEN.

Office: Times Building.

Telephone numbers: Editorial, 674; Business office, 29.

N. E. corner of First and Broadway.

Founded December 4, 1881.

VOLUME XXI. ELEVENTH YEAR. NUMBER 74

TERMS: By Mail, \$9 a year; by carrier, 85 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$5 a year. Weekly, \$1.30; 6 months, 75 cents.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

Guaranteed Average Daily Circulation, Over 9900 Copies

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.
AT THE OPERAHOUSE—Georgia Minstrels.

The great Northwest received its blizzard on schedule time.

SAN FRANCISCO is still much worked up over the disinclination of the Pacific Mail Company to fulfill its contract and call at that point.

The first carload of nickel steel armor for the warship Monterey, building at San Francisco, has been shipped from Pittsburgh and is almost due.

"It's an ill wind that blows nobody any good." Mexican lottery shares have advanced \$6 to \$10 a share in consequence of the judicial suppression of the Louisiana lottery.

PROBABLY the biggest excursion that ever came to this country will be that of about 2500 students in the Polytechnic Institute of London, who are to visit Chicago during the World's Fair.

WHAT WON'T the Chicago people do next? A hotel-keeper on the upper shore of Lake Michigan proposes to transport his big hotel over the lake on a raft to Chicago in time to open the spring of 1892.

THE UNITED STATES can safely trust the arbitration of the Bering Sea dispute to France Italy and Sweden, the powers which have been agreed upon. Italy leans a little on general principles to the side of Great Britain, France inclines rather to the United States, and Sweden is strictly neutral and may be trusted with the balance of power.

WE print this morning two communications on the water problem. The first is by Mr. J. T. Sheward, who thinks he sees "millions in it" for the city to go in, without reference to the present water systems, vote bonds and erect works *de novo*. Mr. Sheward makes some remarkable figures, that require explanation. The other published contribution to the literature of this important subject is by an engineer and lawyer, who has given much study to the water question. It goes into the legal as well as the practical phases of the question now before the Council and the people for solution.

FOR something more than six months the waters of Lake Michigan have been unusually low as to attract attention, and some people have feared that, owing to the deepening of the channels connecting it with other lakes, the fall in the water is permanent. This view, however, is now refuted by Capt. Broughton, who has seen service on the lake for about fifty years, and who, from water marks kept by him, shows that the lake was two feet lower in 1888 than it had been during the past season. The rising and falling of the waters seem to alternate with considerable regularity, but as yet no sufficient explanation has been given to account for the phenomena.

PROF. HOLDEN, of the Lick Observatory, is authority for the statement that a new spot on the sun is so pronounced that it may be seen through a piece of ordinary smoked glass. Such a pronounced disturbance on the face of the sun is unusual, the last one of this size having been noted in 1888. There is also a great commotion observable on the planet Jupiter. The belts about him are brightening and his spots are becoming more conspicuous, while changes in form are so rapid as to make it a hard matter for astronomers to keep track of them. Those who hold that there is a strong reciprocal influence (magnetic or electric, or both) between the sun and the planets of its system will take these developments as a confirmation of their theory. They will tell us also that, while these conditions hold, we may look out for strong convulsions of nature in our own planet. These may take the form of great storms, intense cold or earthquakes. The prospect is not pleasing.

THE French have a frank and breezy way of accepting the marriage of Miss Mattie Mitchell, daughter of Senator Mitchell of Oregon, to Duke Francois de Rochemoucaud, which seems almost American in its simplicity. The figure is quoted as saying:

The frequent unions between our old aristocracy and the world is one of the curious characteristics of the epoch. Already examples of such unions are to be found in the Parisian salons. We cannot but rejoice at the entrance into our society of these newly-made French women, whose splendid manners are a credit to the wealth of our country. C'est la plus grande et la plus sportive romance du bill McKinley.

IT is said that the marriage of these young people comes from the promptings of true love alone. It may be, but Cupid's arrows were no doubt tipped with eighteen-carat gold just the same. If Miss Mitchell had been the daughter of an American in moderate circumstances—if the arrow had had an ordinary tip—it would not have reached its mark in all probability. However, if Miss Mitchell was bent on having a nubian she has probably done better to take a Frenchman than an Englishman. Her social status in France will be markedly more assured than it would be in England, where the lack of an aristocratic ancestry is never forgiven. Whether the Duke de Rochemoucaud is of the profligate sort of nobility who usually seek an alliance with an American heiress is not stated. But, if he is, we may look for a divorce with high lights within a year or two.

CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES.

The circulation of this paper, which averaged 9938 for the month of January, increased during the first 14 days of February as follows:

February 1... 10,120 February 8... 9,875
February 2... 9,870 February 9... 9,875
February 3... 9,870 February 10... 9,875
February 4... 9,860 February 11... 9,820
February 5... 9,860 February 12... 9,850
February 6... 9,990 February 13... 10,010
February 7... 12,020 February 14... 12,250

Total..... 143,365 Daily average for 14 days..... 10,240

TO ADVERTISERS.

Since our present schedule of rates for display advertising was adopted, two years ago, the circulation of THE TIMES has increased more than 50 per cent. Therefore, on the 1st of March, 1892—by which time the 10,000 high-water mark will have been reached and passed—these rates will be advanced, not 50, but 15 per cent, in order that they may be made more nearly appropriate to the circulation, which is the only true basis of advertising value.

The new rates will then be on the basis of 2½ cents per measured nonpareil line for each insertion, or \$4.50 per square and \$5.00 per inch per month.

The advance will apply only to display or square advertising. The present schedule for classified line advertising and reading notices will remain unchanged.

Existing contracts will be filled out at the old rates, and the extra charges for preferred positions and discounts to extensive and long-term advertisers will be continued.

The new rates will be found entirely reasonable when circulation is taken into account.

On the "Kite-shaped Track."

THE TIMES "points with pride" to the fast-delivery service inaugurated yesterday along the line of the Santa Fé's "kite-shaped track" from this city to and through San Bernardino, to Redlands and Mentone, and down the San Bernardino Valley as far as South Riverside. The sending out of a specially chartered train, known as "The Times Flyer," to start at the earliest possible hour and cover the distance in the shortest time consistent with safety is abreast in journalistic enterprise with the best efforts of the largest cities in the United States.

In this run two fast trains are really brought into service. The first, the "Flyer," takes out the full supply of papers and distributes parcels along the line to San Bernardino, there transferring the bundles for Colton, San Jacinto, Riverside, South Riverside and other places along the southern route to a train which goes in that direction, while the "Flyer" continues around the smaller loop and supplies the foothill places—Highland, East Highland, Redlands, the Asylum and Mentone.

In the preliminary run yesterday everything moved like clockwork. Each place along the route was reached on schedule time, and the "Flyer" made the round trip of about 150 miles in 5 hours and 15 minutes—averaging nearly 80 miles an hour, including stops.

In this way THE TIMES was placed in the hands of subscribers at Riverside at 7:55 a.m., and at Mentone—the furthest point on the route—at 8:35. The delivery by carriers to subscribers in outlying sections of those places took a little time, of course, and not all of the far-away readers received their papers at the hours and minutes named, but they must all have noted a very substantial improvement over the former service. At Mentone, for example, the delivery is made four hours earlier than before.

THE enterprise of the Santa Fé Railway in thus promptly and thoroughly meeting the requirements of THE TIMES for a fast out-of-town service is highly commendable, and we are sure that it will also receive the commendation of the public. The good offices of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express in facilitating this arrangement are to be acknowledged with gratitude. The hearty co-operation of both companies was necessary in order to insure the success of this journalistic enterprise.

THAT the people who live in the cities, towns and settlements along the line of the "kite-shaped track" will heartily appreciate this effort to give them a news service equal to the best in the United States there can be no manner of doubt. They have already responded liberally to less expeditious service, and THE TIMES has a list of subscribers up the valley of which it is justly proud. If this list is not doubled within the next ninety days we shall miss our reckoning. The people of our neighboring towns and cities are quick to appreciate a good thing, and they are in no way niggardly in rewarding it. Even the fruit farmers on outlying tracts are men of city ways, enjoying the attractions. They have the butcher, the baker and the vegetable vendor at their doors, and they appreciate a newspaper on the breakfast table. They will soon be calling on Uncle Sam for a free delivery of their mails.

THE TIMES never takes the back track in enterprises of this kind, and it is safe to say that the fast delivery thus started will be continued and even improved.

The service along the "kite-shaped track" is only one of the many outlying routes of the paper. Santa Ana, Orange, Tustin and other places in Orange county are supplied by an early train moving around the southern part of the loop and starting out in an opposite direction from the "Flyer." Towns in the San Gabriel Valley, as well as those along the coast, are now supplied in the most expeditious manner possible by the use of regular trains and special couriers. Ventura and Santa Barbara have daily deliveries from house to house, and THE TIMES reaches its subscribers there twenty-four hours ahead of the San Francisco papers. In all of these neighboring places, and in others not yet reached, the service will be advanced with system and energy, to the end that every outlying section may in time have a service commensurate with that on the "kite-shaped track."

The Report on a Deep-water Harbor.

We have before us an advance copy of a letter from the Acting Secretary of War transmitting the report of the recent examination of Government engineers for a deep-water harbor on the Pacific Coast between Point Dume and Capistrano. A brief digest of the report has already been given by telegraph.

The investigation was practically limited to various points on the lines of Santa Monica Bay and San Pedro Bay. The relative advantages are discussed in detail, and the finding is in favor of the latter, utilizing the present opening of San Pedro harbor.

The chief advantages in favor of San Pedro are, first, the present inlet, which has been improved at considerable expense by the Government, and offers an absolutely safe retreat for vessels of not too heavy draught; and, second, the position of Catalina Island, which gives a good protection for the roadstead from southwest winds and waves. Santa Monica Bay derives less advantage from the island in this respect.

The report says: "In order to secure a deep-water harbor in either bay a breakwater must be constructed in depths of eight to ten fathoms, and so located as to cover the interior space over the area of exposure. These considerations make the undertaking one of great expense."

In San Pedro Bay the best location for proposed harbor is at the present anchorage ground on the westerly side of the bay under Point Firma. The protection of the outer works, with which the site is afforded from westerly winds and fog, which a breakwater could start, affords advantages over any other section of the bay to the eastward for securing a protected anchorage.

No holding ground exists at the anchorage. Protection from storms over the open area of exposure to the southwest and southeast could be secured by the construction of a breakwater having two arms: Catalina Island protection from southwest winds being left out, and a north arm. As indicated on the chart the north arm could be started from a point on the shore under Point Firma, and be extended in a direction south of 42° east (magnetic) for a distance of about 2400 feet, which would carry it around a large projection from the middle of the present anchorage ground to the westerly end of Catalina Island. The end of this arm is in six fathoms depth. Then leaving a gap of 1500 feet the east arm would extend south for another 500 feet along the 5½° fathom curve and be extended about 5600 feet, which would afford protection from the southeast seas. This arm could be extended easterly, as increased commerce would require more interior space.

At San Pedro lighter construction would serve for these breakwaters than would be required at Santa Monica, and the advantage in expense would be with the former.

TWO forms of breakwater are suggested, one constructed entirely of rubble, and the other of rubble base, with a heavy concrete superstructure reaching above high water. The estimates of cost are as follows:

| |
|------------------------------------|
| At Santa Monica: |
| All rubble..... \$4,843,440 |
| Rubble and concrete..... 5,715,965 |
| All rubble..... \$4,126,106 |
| Rubble and concrete..... 4,594,494 |

This makes a saving in favor of San Pedro by one construction of \$717,834, and by the other \$1,121,471. In the latter case the difference is more pronounced because it is proposed, in any event, to build the westerly arm at San Pedro entirely of rubble.

In summing up the engineers—Col. G. H. Mendell, Lieut.-Col. W. H. H. Benyured and Lieut.-Col. G. L. Gillespie—say: "In view of the fact that San Pedro Bay in its natural condition affords better protection from prevailing winds and from dangerous storms than Santa Monica Bay; that protection can be secured at less cost for equal development of breakwater at the westerly end of the bay, than at a point further west, and that a larger area of protected anchorage can be secured, the severe storms from the south-east being infrequent, and that there is already an interior harbor there will be a valuable addition to the port of San Pedro, the port considered. San Pedro Bay is the better location for the deep-water harbor provided for by the act.

HENRY CLEWS & CO. in their latest financial circular say:

"No only dark spots in the home situation are the depression of business and the dullness of trade on the Pacific Coast; both of which are mainly the consequences of undue expansion of speculation or over-creations of corporate capital in the speculative sections. These causes are individualistic; the result of the various groups of states; but the market, while discriminating against the securities directly affected, does not mistakenly infer that all others should suffer in sympathy."

THE DULLNESS of trade referred to is not apparent in Los Angeles. Some of our wholesale houses are doing a bigger business than during the boom.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

ATTRACTION TONIGHT.—The Grand Opera House has for the attraction this evening Richards & Pringle's company of colored minstrels, who, we are assured, give a performance full of old-time minstrel features. Those who love the melodious refrains that the genuine darkey can sing with the unison of his race, and the sort of dancing that the same individual performs as only he can do it, will no doubt make much enjoyment out of tonight's show.

A Problem in Mathematics.

"I have a pair of suspenders for every pair of trousers I've got," he said. "Good gracious! how many pairs of suspenders have you got?" "One pair."

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Mr. Sheward, "Ninety Millions in It." Los Angeles, Feb. 12.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] A few facts and figures in reference to the water question would not be amiss at the present time. Basing my figures on the present population of Los Angeles at 60,000 and the revenues of the different water companies at \$300,000 per annum, and the price the City Water Company places upon their plant of \$2,500,000, I find the city, by issuing bonds for the amount bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent, per annum, can, in ten years, create a fund out of freights, a saving of \$1,000,000 at the rate of \$100,000 per annum and have left for improvements and extensions the handsome sum of \$770,000, and as the city increases in population the water rates will decrease to the tune of \$770,000 for improvements and extensions in the ten years it is fair to presume that we can get a very good water system that will need less for extensions and improvements than the \$100,000 per annum. Take the next ten years and set aside \$300,000 per annum for extensions and improvements, basing the revenues of the company on the same figures as now, \$300,000 per annum, and I find we can pay the bondholders out of bonds and leave the entire amount and have over and above the entire water plant of the city \$339,487. Or to more fully illustrate:

Original price paid..... \$5,000,000
Earnings in twenty years for extras and expenses..... 1,270,000
Surplus earnings..... 339,487

Total value at the end of twenty years..... \$4,108,487

Here is a veritable gold mine. We have a plan at the end of twenty years all paid off, and the company has a large increase in population, with the revenues of the company kept at \$300,000 per annum. And all as citizens have done to obtain this is to augment the population of the city. The water company has placed a value on its plant of \$2,500,000 which is worth \$2,000,000 which are they not willing to show their books so the city can get an intelligent basis to figure on to buy them out, and if the plant is worth the money they ask for it, then the city can get a good return and be made to swell the coffers of the city and county treasury? The city should deal fair with the water company and should pay them every cent their plant is worth. On the other hand, the water company is not to be paid one dollar more than the rates the City Water Company has placed a value on its plant in order to get it off the table. It is a good idea to let the city plant be worth the \$2,000,000 which are they not willing to show their books so the city can get an intelligent basis to figure on to buy them out, and if the plant is worth the money they ask for it, then the city can get a good return and be made to swell the coffers of the city and county treasury?

The report ends with the words: "J. T. SHEWARD."

The Plans Reviewed.

Los Angeles, Feb. 12.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] The offer of the City Water Company to sell its works to the city raises at once the question on whether the city must buy the existing plants before it can own or build a water supply works.

The city is confronted at the outset by the legal question of the right to go into the business on its own account, and it has bought the existing works. There is not an intelligent attorney in the city who will assert anything else. But the city is not bound to accept the offer made by the company.

The city can tomorrow begin condemnation proceedings, and even if the contract is legal and binding, the whole plant, contract and all, can be taken—if the city has anything to pay with.

We are told how the city can pay, but we must be well to consider what they will have to pay for.

First the plant, which consists of all the works, lands, tunnels, tools, machinery of every sort and kind, including the value of the land and buildings, which is about \$1,000,000 worth of connections which people have paid for and which would be a loss if the consumers changed to another source of supply. The value of the plant is estimated to be \$1,000,000, and the value of the land and buildings is about \$100,000, so the value of the plant is about \$1,100,000.

There are always people who have a remedy for all ills in paternal government, and sometimes expect that the city can give them something. They are told to believe that if the city started to build a water works that water would be free.

Legally the city cannot go into the water business until it has purchased existing works. It can't pay for them until the people vote the bonds to pay for them.

The bonds, if voted, could not be sold to any foreign investor, for the reason that one-twentieth of the principal must be paid each year, and such bonds are not regarded as an investment. The city would then have to pay the interest on the bonds, and the amount of interest would be the sum of not less than \$100,000 to \$150,000 a year.

There are many people who have a remedy for all ills in paternal government, and sometimes expect that the city can give them something. They are told to believe that if the city started to build a water works that water would be free.

The bonds, if voted, could not be sold to any foreign investor, for the reason that one-twentieth of the principal must be paid each year, and such bonds are not regarded as an investment. The city would then have to pay the interest on the bonds, and the amount of interest would be the sum of not less than \$100,000 to \$150,000 a year.

an express train rushing by at this early hour.

Monrovia, a bright child of the boom, looked out with an attractive and prosperous air from its commanding hillside location. By the time that Azusa was reached it was full daylight and the lamps were extinguished. Here a brief stop was made and a large bundle of papers thrown out. Quite a crowd had gathered on the platform to see The Times Flyer come in. The enthusiasm was spontaneous and catching. The shouts of those on the platform were returned with interest from the train. The artist descended to the platform to stretch his legs, which are long, and to fix the scene in his memory, which is short. The editorial writer, who has an orange orchard near by, pointed out the many relics of December's windstorm, which were all too numerous and apparent. The telegraph editor, who did not know whether all those boulders were there because of the weather, or whether the townsite had been selected on account of the presence of the boulders. He was told what Mr. Slanson had said when he started Azusa, namely, that if the location wasn't good for a town-site he'd like to know what it was good for.

Azusa is in the heart of boomland, that was. It was around here, five years ago, that the competition for "business lots" waged fiercest and the shout of the auctioneer was heard abroad in the land like the voice of one crying in the wilderness, warning all to flee from the wrath to come upon those who should be found without an equity in at least one twenty-five foot soil lot when the hordes of land-hungry Easterners should arrive in the following winter. But alas and alack! the hordes didn't come, and the sand-lots are still there—or as much of them as were not blown away last December. Recollections, pleasant and otherwise—mostly otherwise—were brought to the minds of those of the party who had dabbled in dirt in the days of '87. There, a little way back, was Monrovia, where, low down the cold side of the mountains, \$300 a piece in May, 1886, were worth \$150 a front foot in May 1887. Still, Monrovia is a town and a flourishing one, although real estate values have sunk toward zero, while other cities

party who did not gaze long and earnestly on that beautiful scene.

Still further climbing and East Highland is passed. Away to the right stretches the great semicircle of hills that hedge in this elevated mountain valley, around which the kite-shaped tract extends. Off on yonder bench is Redlands, which the train will shortly pass. Mentone is now reached, the most elevated point on the track, 1600 feet above sea level and the most distant point touched on the trip. The air here is decidedly crisp and cool. The soil around is light, dry and porous, largely formed of decomposed granite, although the great beds of boulders that were noticeable near Highland are missing. When those boulders were passed the telegraph editor, proud of his newly-acquired knowledge, asked if it was a tourist.

Mentone is a young settlement, but evidences of activity and growth are visible on every side. Young orange orchards are seen at frequent intervals all the way from San Bernardino. This elevated valley is largely composed of choice orange land, which is now in great demand.

Redlands, the largest town on the eastern loop, is next reached. Here quite a number of citizens had assembled to see The Times Flyer come in and get their Los Angeles papers at 8:30, a gain of nearly four hours over the regular time. The enterprising agent received two large bundles and "Here's your morning Times!" soon broke the Sunday morning stillness of Redlands.

Redlands was a great surprise to those members of the party who saw it for the first time, or who had not been there for a couple of years. It is, in many respects, the most phenomenal town of the numerous phenomenal towns of Southern California. It is scarcely possible for the beholder to believe that this large, substantial town, with its scores of elegant villas in spacious grounds, and its dozens of solid brick blocks, with its thousands of acres of surrounding orchards, was laid out a little over five years ago, or, to be precise, in October, 1888. Yet such is the case. Redlands crowns the eastern end of the San Bernardino Valley and Redlands.

The idea of putting on a special early train was first broached to General Manager Wade by The Times, he at once realized the importance of the enterprise in the development of the country, and entered fully into the spirit of the project. Terms were agreed upon, details arranged, the necessary contracts drawn, and The Times Flyer became an assured fact.

At the First street depot yesterday morning there were quite a number of the railroad people on hand to give The Flyer a proper send-off. Among them were Trainmaster I. L. Hibbard, who made the trip with The Times party; Capt. Harry Isaacs, the division baggage agent; Mr. Woodman and others.

The train was in charge of Conductor W. A. Dunn, one of the oldest and most reliable men on the road, who had large experience in the East, where newspaper trains are a regular thing, and fully realized the importance of the new departure inaugurated in Southern California. Mr. Dunn did everything in his power to make the trip a pleasant and successful one.

Fred Reynolds, another old employee, was in charge of the engine, which had been thoroughly overhauled by Master Mechanic Prescott for the occasion. Mr. Prescott was picked up at Redlands, and with his chief clerk, Harry Hillier, made the return trip to "see how the machine behaved herself." Reynolds stated before the start that he would make the trip on schedule time and carried out this promise to the letter, as there was hardly a full minute's difference between the schedule on the entire run. Fireman Lentz handled the shovel during the trip.

Baggage-master H. G. Smith and Baggage-master Charlie Garner, who handled the packages of papers like old-time mail clerks, made up the balance of the crew.

It is only justice to state that every man on the train exerted himself to the utmost to make the journey a pleasant one, all of which was duly appreciated by those on board.



FOSTER'S FORECASTS.

The Next Storm Due on the Coast—Local Probabilities.

Storms 3500 Miles Apart—Mistakes Confessed Concerning the Electro-meteorology System—Near—ing Perfection.

[COPRIGHTED, 1892, BY W. T. FOSTER.]
St. JOSEPH (Mo.) Feb. 11.—My last letter gave forecasts of the storm wave due to cross the continent from the 12th to the 16th, and the next will be due to reach the Pacific Coast about the 16th, cross the western mountains by the close of the 17th, the great central valleys from the 18th to the 20th, and the Eastern States about the 21st. This storm will be most severe on the Pacific Coast about the same time the storm preceding it is at its greatest force on the Atlantic coast, which will be not far from the 18th.

The cool wave following this storm, with clearing weather, will cross the western mountains about the 19th, the great central valleys about the 21st and the Eastern States about the 23d.

Several papers are copying my weather forecasts without permission, and in doing so they are liable to pay damages in a United States court. My weather forecasts are copyrighted, and no paper has a right to use them without paying for them. I do not belong to that class of individuals who want to see their names in print for the fun of it. My knowledge of electro-meteorology is my capital, and the publication of my writings is purely a matter of business. I hope that hereafter no paper will copy my forecasts from papers that put them in, for in order to protect my own interests it will be necessary for me to see that the copyright laws are enforced.

An intelligent investigation will satisfy any reasonable mind that we are very near to one of the greatest discoveries of modern times. We know the dates on which the storm waves will cross the continent; we know, approximately, how to calculate the latitude of these storm waves, we know the dates on which these storm waves will have the greatest and least force, and the greatest difficulty yet to surmount is to know which of the four storm waves will be most affected by the planetary influences.

Two-thirds of the time I can succeed in rightly determining this difficult problem, but the other third is what stands in the way of complete success.

I know where to look to find the key to this difficult part of the weather problem, and have clearly indicated this to my readers. I expect to discover that key and then avoid errors.

If I make one mistake out of ten forecasts a certain class of critics will ridicule my work. Let them ridicule. I know that the system of electro-meteorology has the only true basis, and that time, I hope a comparatively short time, will vindicate me.

But the readers of my work must not now expect infallible forecasts, for the system is not yet perfect. They should always remember that my own time and money, aided by fifty daily newspapers, are working out this great problem without assistance from the General Government.

LOCAL FORECAST.

I am not yet able to avoid errors in my weather forecasts. But I very seldom err as to the dates on which the storm centers and cool waves cross the continent. My mistakes are confined principally to the force and latitude of these disturbances. Even in these particulars a very large per cent of the forecasts are verified.

I have no disposition to evade the responsibility of my mistakes, but rather prefer to frankly state wherein the principal difficulties lie. The responsibilities of these mistakes must rest upon myself and not on the system, for if the system of electro-meteorology was thoroughly understood there would be no errors in weather forecasts. The fault lies with man and not with the laws of nature.

As I have repeatedly stated, there are

GREETED AT SAN BERNARDINO.

only exist as a remembrance, or perhaps in the shape of a big building that was a hotel.

Glendora, San Dimas and Lordsburg, which the train rapidly passes, were all to have been centers of dense population, but it was ordained otherwise, and useful fruit trees are there instead of useless brick blocks. The great hotel building at the last named place—now a Dunkard college—would be an accession to Los Angeles.

At San Dimas the summit is passed and The Flyer dashes down the grade into the San Jose or Pomona Valley. At North Pomona a big bundle of papers is given to the expectant carrier for transportation to the headquarters of Murchison and prohibition. There is the usual gathering at the depot, the usual cheers and encouraging remarks on the enterprise of the journal of Southern California. The same is the case at North Ontario, where another big bundle is dropped. Away in the distance to the north the China seat-sugar factory is visible, suggesting some unfavorable remarks on the Democratic statesmen that would abolish the sugar bounty and thus discourage a promising young industry. Now a quick dash through orange and lemon groves that show still too many evidences of a recent frost, with Jack Frost, and San Bernardino is reached at 7:24, just in time ahead of time.

Here at the station was by far the biggest crowd yet seen. The Flyer received an ovation and the bystanders produced their nickels for the novelty of a Los Angeles paper before breakfast. The agent took a big bundle of extras, but they did not half suffice, and when the train returned he had to call for more.

A half of about twenty minutes was made here, and an excellent breakfast partaken of at the depot restaurant, the editorial writer doing the honors on behalf of The Times. Bowker, of the business office, declared that the excitement of the trip had taken away his appetite, so he remained on board the train to see that nobody should steal the muslin sign for a souvenir of the occasion.

Again The Flyer was off, this time to make the circuit of the smaller loop of the kite-shaped track. It was now for a time up grade and the progress was not quite so fast. As the train swept around the great arrowhead on the mountain, which gives its designation to the springs of that name, came into view. A little further on in the State insane asylum, a massive, prison-like building, now nearing completion, the location of which caused so much bad blood and led the late Arthur Kearney of the Courier to indite some of the most fearful and wonderful appeals to the San Bernardinoians that mortal brain ever conceived outside of an institution like that which wrote. The sight of the asylum appeared to remind the artist—the funny man—of something familiar, for he commenced to personate a yelling maniac, winding up by pulling the Absalom-like locks of the telegraph editor, who sat with his back to him counting the telegraph poles. Peace was only restored by a promise to draw the Associated Press manipulator's picture on the way home; all of which led the special writer and the book-keeper to exchange in German their private views on the peculiar characteristics of artists in general and of funny artists in particular.

The train climbed, passing Highland, appropriately named. Here a simultaneous cry from several members of the party called attention to a wonderful scene that was visible on the left. There was a great rift in the long bank of clouds that hung along the mountain sides, near the foot of which the train was speeding, and through that rift, like a ascent thrown on a sheet by a magic lantern, was a towering mountain—Mount San Bernardino, on the sides of which the snow-drifts shone with the resplendency of burnished steel. It was a sight as grand as it was strange, like the vision of Beulah Land, which cheered the Pilgrims on their weary journey to the promised land. Actually, about twelve miles distant, the mountain did not appear more than a mile at the outside, and the chill air which blew from the fields of snow heightened the impression of close proximity. The journalistic mind is not readily susceptible to aesthetic or sentimental impressions, yet there was not one in the

TIMES FLYER.

The Initial Trip and the Men Who Were in Charge.

As has been heretofore stated, the initial trip of The Times Flyer was an unqualified success. The journey was made from "end to end" on exact schedule time, and there was not the slightest hitch anywhere on the line, a fact which speaks well for the thorough organization and system which prevails in the Santa Fe management. What

The Hotel del CORONADO!
Without a doubt is the Grandest Seaside Resort in the World.
A TRIP to California is incomplete without a visit to this superb establishment. Its well-ventilated and sunny rooms, its handsomely-provided tables, enhanced by the choicest delicacies of the season; the pure and sparkling mineral water (free to all guests,) these, with a great variety of in-and-out-door amusements, make this Hotel, in every respect, par excellence.

OUR DAILY EXCURSIONS
Are well-patronized by an appreciative public, \$24.50 paying for a round-trip ticket, including nicely-furnished room and board for one week; also transportation from depot to hotel and return. The time can be extended at the rate of \$3.00 per day.

Tickets for sale at Santa Fe office, 129 N. Spring st., and at First st. Depot. For further particulars apply to

T. D. YEOMANS, Agt.,
188 S. SPRING ST. Los Angeles

Jiegel, the Tailor & Men's Furnisher
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

UNDER NADEAU HOTEL,

WE ARE APPRECIATED!

OUR HAT SALE

Has been the most successful one held on the Coast. Our patrons have appreciated the good values we gave them.

THIS WEEK || New Styles! . . .
|| New Shapes! . . .
|| New Colors!

Do not purchase a Hat until you have seen the Elegant Styles that have arrived this week.

WE ALWAYS LEAD and NEVER FOLLOW!

OUR \$2.50 Sale

Will still continue in Soft Hats.

Feather-weight Stiff Hats. Bargains in Underwear, Shirts & Hose!

SEE OUR WINDOWS!

four storm waves passing around the earth from west to east, between 30° and 60° of north latitude, making 45° of north latitude an average center of their paths around the earth.

The average distance of these storm waves apart—from west to east—is about 3500 miles. The high barometer which gives us the cool wave, and the low barometer—follows about 1750 miles behind the low barometer, and these high and low barometers are all strung around the earth like a string of beads, and all moving eastward.

We have made a success in finding the dates on which these high or low barometers, or storm waves, will pass given meridian of longitude. That part of the system is a decided success.

It makes a very great difference in the weather as to whether a storm center passes south or north of a locality, and in locating the latitude of a storm center mistakes are sometimes made. The storm wave may be exactly on time as predicted, but if it goes by on the south cold weather will follow, while if it goes by on the north warm weather will follow. A few errors are unavoidable at this time in locating the latitude of the storm waves.

The most difficult matter to calculate is the force of the storm. This is very important, for the force of the storm has much to do with the character of the weather.

The electrical influences of the sun, moon and planets affect every part of the earth at the same moment, but these influences are transmitted themselves in one or all of the four storm waves that are moving around the earth at about 3500 miles apart. The difficulty lies in determining which of these four storm waves will be most affected, and herein is where most of my errors occur.

It is not difficult to understand that the planetary influences are conveyed to the storm centers through the earth's electric currents, and if we fully understood the laws that govern the magnetic forces of the solar system we would make no mistakes in forecasting the location and force of the storm centers and their influence on the weather.

In the latter part of January I had calculated the electrical influences would largely increase the force of the storms due to cross the continent from the 25th to 29th of January. The result, however, was that the storm wave preceding it received almost the full force of the electrical influences, causing a great storm in Western Europe at the time we expected a great storm here.

An intelligent investigation will satisfy any reasonable mind that we are very near to one of the greatest discoveries of modern times. We know the dates on which the storm waves will cross the continent; we know, approximately, how to calculate the latitude of these storm waves, we know the dates on which these storm waves will have the greatest and least force, and the greatest difficulty yet to surmount is to know which of the four storm waves will be most affected by the planetary influences.

Two-thirds of the time I can succeed in rightly determining this difficult problem, but the other third is what stands in the way of complete success.

I know where to look to find the key to this difficult part of the weather problem, and have clearly indicated this to my readers. I expect to discover that key and then avoid errors.

If I make one mistake out of ten forecasts a certain class of critics will ridicule my work. Let them ridicule. I know that the system of electro-meteorology has the only true basis, and that time, I hope a comparatively short time, will vindicate me.

But the readers of my work must not now expect infallible forecasts, for the system is not yet perfect. They should always remember that my own time and money, aided by fifty daily newspapers, are working out this great problem without assistance from the General Government.

LOCAL FORECAST.

I am not yet able to avoid errors in my weather forecasts. But I very seldom err as to the dates on which the storm centers and cool waves cross the continent. My mistakes are confined principally to the force and latitude of these disturbances. Even in these particulars a very large per cent of the forecasts are verified.

I have no disposition to evade the responsibility of my mistakes, but rather prefer to frankly state wherein the principal difficulties lie. The responsibilities of these mistakes must rest upon myself and not on the system, for if the system of electro-meteorology was thoroughly understood there would be no errors in weather forecasts. The fault lies with man and not with the laws of nature.

As I have repeatedly stated, there are

J. T. SHEWARD,
113-115 North Spring St.

There is a Reason

Why the business of this house is showing such a very large increase over last year. Large stocks, moderate profits, better service, a better class of employees, a better class of goods. This is the whole story in a nutshell. This house is larger and better in every way. It is growing more rapidly than any business of any kind in the city.

The Millinery Department, a new feature under our own control. Prices reduced more than one-half; dollar Hats, new shapes, for 25c; \$2.50 Hat, regular \$2.00 and \$2.50 quality, selling the choice at \$1.00.

Reynolds Bros.' latest spring-heel Shoes in Tampied, Goat or Dongola Kid with or without patent leather tips; a regular \$4.00 quality, your choice for \$3.00; all widths and all sizes.

Fifty pieces Chiffon Laces came in by express Saturday; embroidered and plain; they are the choice new things for the season. Another big lot of Cloaks in the largest cloakroom; \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00 for choice new goods; a few handsome novelties; the only Cloak Department showing new spring styles. Big bargains in ladies' Muslin Underwear on our cheap tables; 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. A fine lot of new Dress Goods in wool and silk; new shades for early spring trade. A special new lot of real India Silks at 50c and \$1.00 per yard; they are very choice. A fine new lot of blank Cotton Dress Goods; Challies, Damask Surahs, Sublime Mela Nora, Lace Surahs, sub Mela Noras and Satin Surahs, all guaranteed fast black. Special bargains, the best we ever offered in fast black Hose.

Warner Bros.' Celebrated Coraline Corsets ARE acknowledged to be the most durable and perfect-fitting in the world. Coraline never breaks, while it is flexible and gives a fine form to the wearer. Made 24 different styles, fitting every variety of figure. Health corset fits the "Willowby" form; Four-in-Hand fits the "Amazon," and the 444 and the 999 are admirably adapted to the "Greek slave." Ladies, consult style, durability and economy and ask for Warner Bros.' Fine Corsets. In proof of

GRUESOME GASTRONOMICS

How Parisians are Regaled With Horse and Mule Steaks.

Canal Constructor De Lesseps is Dangerously Ill.

English Diplomacy on Top in the Egyptian Complication.

Native Soudanese Tribes Fighting Around Khartoum—The Outlook in Brazil Becoming More Hopeful for Peace and Prosperity.

By Telegraph to The Times.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The rise in the price of beef, caused by the new tariff, has led to a large demand for horseflesh in Paris. According to the report of the police prefect the horses and mules slaughtered represent one-third of the whole quantity of meat consumed. Fillet of horse or donkey is retailed at 10 sous per pound, steak at 7 sous and the inferior parts at 2. Worn-out animals are rising in value and being bought up everywhere within a radius of 300 miles of Paris.

The importers of American pork have obtained an abrogation of the order by which consignments of pork could not be landed until the importer presented a certificate from the United States inspector. Such pork can now be landed at the convenience of importers. The Havre Chamber of Commerce now asks for the rescinding of the order by which meat found unfit for use is to be destroyed. The authorities will probably be advised to hold such meat until American exporters decide to have it returned.

ENGLISH DIPLOMACY WINS.

An Important Point Gained as to the Khedive's Investment.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The secretary of the British embassy in Constantinople had an audience with the Sultan yesterday, and it is semi-officially announced today that the firm of investment of the present Khedive of Egypt has been prepared, and that it is worded in the exact terms of the firm investing to the late Khedive, Tewfik Pasha. This is regarded as a signal success for English diplomacy, as it defeats the attempts to induce the Sultan to insert in the formal instructions to the ambassador the proposal upon English supremacy in Egypt. The Sultan preferred to adhere to the old form in order not to embarrass the Khedive.

The ceremony of investiture will take place in Cairo in accordance with the desire of England and with the concurrence of the Khedive.

Hopeful Outlook Brazil.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Col. Zebedello, the newly-appointed minister at Rio Janeiro, cables that rumors of an impending revolt in Brazil are untrue. Since the restoration of order in November last the elements of agitation have had no existence. The different states organize their own governments without fear of disorder resulting.

The banking question is in a fair way of settlement. No further issues will be authorized. The government has no financial difficulty to contend with, and has obtained a vote of thanks from Congress.

Senor Lebo will become Minister of the Interior in place of Senor Periera, resigned.

Fighting in the Soudan.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Egyptian advises say that civil war is raging in the vicinity of Khartoum. Cherif, the claimant of the caliphate, is said to have been victorious against Abdahab, chief of the Baggar tribe. Kassala is reported depopulated.

Will Not Wed Again.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Princess Montbéliard, daughter of Mr. Singer, the sewing machine manufacturer, who recently secured a divorce, denies the report that she is about to marry again.

De Lesseps Critically Ill.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—M. de Lesseps is critically ill, but his physicians deny that his condition is hopeless.

Foreign Flashes.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Mr. Ottcott has resigned the presidency of the Theosophist Society on account of ill-health.

Mr. Carr, founder of the New York Union Steamship Line, is dead.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 14.—A dispatch announces the death of Dr. Wilhelm Junker, the well-known African traveler and naturalist.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Japanese Parliament has voted \$500,000 for a World's Fair display.

Ocean Steamer Arrivals.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—Arrived: Lord Gough, from Liverpool.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 14.—Arrived: Lord Clive, from Philadelphia; Aurora, from New York.

BOSTON, Feb. 14.—Arrived: Lake Superior, from Liverpool; Scandinavian, from Glasgow.

HAVRE, Feb. 14.—Arrived: La Bourgogne, from New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Arrived: Belgenland, from Antwerp; Vigilance, from Santos; La Gascogne, from Havre.

Affairs in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 14.—The Supreme Court of Military Justice has ordered the Minister of War to have Col. Hernandez brought here to hear his appeal. A prominent official here says, concerning the financial situation: "The bad business from which the country has been suffering is disappearing. The drought, which has prevailed in a few states, did not have so serious effect on the federal revenues as was feared. With good management the coming year will be as productive as last."

Will be Invited to Dixie.

JACKSON (Miss.), Feb. 14.—Representative Burkett, State Alliance lecturer, will tomorrow introduce in the House a joint resolution inviting Senator Hill to visit the Mississippi capital and deliver an address on any subject he may choose.

Anarchists Will Denounce.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—At a meeting today of the New York Federation of Labor it was reported that Anarchists of this city will hold a mass-meeting February 19, to denounce the government of Spain for executing the Anarchists at Zaragoza.

A Local Butcher His Wife.

MURKIN, Tenn., Feb. 14.—William Murkin, an insane farmer, killed his wife with an ax and then cut his own throat. He will recover.

IMPORTED DISEASE.

More Cases of Typhus—Immigrants Being Closely Watched.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Two additional cases of typhus fever were discovered tonight, making a total of seventy-two cases in the city.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—Seven cases of typhus fever were discovered here tonight. It appears that on Thursday nine Italians reached the city and were smuggled off the train and into a macaroni factory at Auburn Park. Tonight officers discovered that seven of the nine were affected with typhus fever. It is thought any disastrous results will be prevented.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Three trans-Atlantic steamships have been detained at quarantine all day by order of the health officers with a view of making a thorough search for persons suffering from certain diseases among immigrants on board. They are the City of Berlin, Belgenland and Russia. The former arrived Saturday with a number of Russian Jews among the steerage passengers. The Belgenland brought 235 and the Russia 540 immigrants, among whom are people from localities near if not contiguous to the places whence came the typhus-infected Russian Jews who have wrought such consternation among the health authorities at this port. The doctors examined each individual on the City of Berlin separately, but found no indication of infection.

The immigrants are now awaiting an order of release. It is possible that all will be sent to Hoffman Island for two weeks.

The Brazilian mail steamer Vigilancia arrived today from Rio Janeiro, some of the crew having been taken off with yellow fever at Bahia.

A MISSING GIRL.

A California Young Lady Disappears in New York City.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—[By Associated Press.] Maud Helman of San Francisco is a runaway daughter. She is 18 years old. Last November she secured from her mother \$1750 and two days later disappeared. She came to this city, stopped a few days with a relative and then disappeared again. Her last disappearance was December 2, and she has not been seen since by her friends, though her sister, Mrs. M. P. Dolan, of 323 East Forty-third street has made diligent search for her. Miss Helman is tall, with brown hair and a very erect carriage. She is not handsome, but is quite attractive.

One cause of her disappearance was the efforts of her mother to induce the girl to become a Catholic. She was placed in a Catholic institution, but rebelled against restraint. Afterward being given an interest in some real estate, she demanded her share of her mother, who gave her the above sum. She purchased a wardrobe and came to this city.

The sister followed her, but Maud heard of it and again disappeared from the place where she was staying. She was traced to the Children's Aid Society, where she remained a short time. Her mother will come on from San Francisco to join in the search.

Forming a Tanneries Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—A morning paper says that a combination of English capitalists, through an agent here, is attempting to form the tanneries of the United States into a trust. English tanners have already formed a syndicate with \$5,000,000 capital and desire to form a similar combination among tanners here, offering as an inducement to allow them the use of a new process of tanning by means of a liquid that practically eliminates time from the operation.

A Robber Recaptured.

JACKSON (Miss.), Feb. 14.—Brooks Story, who, with two companions, robbed Duran, the express agent, October 8 last, and who was captured and afterward escaped, was again captured last night by Detective Jackson and placed in the penitentiary.

A Blaze at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 14.—Fire broke out tonight in the thick of the business portion of the city on Howard row, but was confined to the third story of the Standard Oil Company's building. The loss is small.

Death of a Famous Pilot.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 14.—Capt. John S. Stout, the famous river pilot, hero of the Robert E. Lee disaster of 1882, died here, aged 53.

THE GREAT RUG SALE.

Many Prominent People Among the Purchasers.

The auction sale of the Costikyan collection of Oriental rugs, etc., which has been going on at No. 218 South Broadway (Potomac Block) during the last week, attracted a great many people.

Prominent among the purchasers during the week were noticed: Mrs. O. W. Childs, Mrs. Plater, Mrs. Priddy, Mrs. E. H. Owen, Mrs. Alden, Miss Kimball, Miss Wills, Mrs. D. C. Cook, Mrs. Bowman, Mrs. B. M. Jewett, Mrs. Albert Foster, Mrs. Prof. Lowe, Mrs. Gilbert of St. Paul, Mrs. T. A. Lewis, Mrs. M. W. Outhwaite, Mr. Mossin, J. E. McMahons, Mrs. McAllister, Mrs. J. H. Osgood, L. T. Wingate, Mrs. M. Hughes, E. K. Foster, Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. Dr. Tolhurst, C. B. Baker, Mrs. S. C. Hubbard, Mrs. Bleeker, Mrs. Powers, Mrs. G. S. Smith and many others.

To the reporter Mr. Costikyan said: "Saturday was our busiest day, and we sold a very large number of rugs. The prices were exceedingly low, but it gave me great pleasure to notice that every one of the purchasers were very much pleased with their purchases, as well as with the fair treatment they received at our hands. Upon their request I decided to continue the sale today also, when everybody will be enabled to select the rugs they want, and we will put them up and sell them to the highest bidder. We have nearly 200 more rugs which we have just unpacked. The sale will begin at 11 a.m. and continue until 5 p.m. The evening sale will begin at 8 o'clock."

Roll Up Your Sleeves.

[Atlanta Constitution.] What's the use of givin' Over these hard times? Busin' em' an' weavin' Of your mournful rhymes? Ain't a bit o' good in it. Nestin' head for wood in it; That's the way to do.

Roll your shirt sleeves higher up.

"Till you jes' perspire up— Loose the brake! an' fire up— Then go steamin' through!

Reasonable Impatience.

[Clothier and Furnisher.] My darling," she murmured, "you know that I love you. Is this not enough for the present? Be assured that I will set a day for our wedding as soon as it is possible."

"That's all right, Miranda," doggedly replied the young man, "but I hope you will remember that I've got to be married in this dress suit, and it won't last forever."

Anarchists Will Denounce.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—At a meeting today of the New York Federation of Labor it was reported that Anarchists of this city will hold a mass-meeting February 19, to denounce the government of Spain for executing the Anarchists at Zaragoza.

A Local Butcher His Wife.

MURKIN, Tenn., Feb. 14.—William Murkin, an insane farmer, killed his wife with an ax and then cut his own throat. He will recover.

Mr. Cleveland's Shooting Trip.

[Forest and Stream.]

It is there any individual I envy just now it is Grover Cleveland, for he is now on a hunting trip to the finest private preserve in America for certain kinds of game, and this is the season when it is at its best.

Take the map of Louisiana, and away over to the southwest, beginning at Morgan City—where the Teche has become a mighty river and flows into the sea—follow that poetic stream. At New Iberia you leave Morgan City 125 miles eastward. Look westward from the swarthy, quaint little French town I have named, where you clear the Teche woods line, you will see what at first glance seems to be an uncommonly massive black cloud rising out of the bosom of a great prairie or sea marsh where sky and prairie unite. It looms high above the level sameness of the long line of marsh. It is an extinct volcano, and is Jefferson's Island, the winter seat of Joe Jefferson, the actor.

The island is a truncated cone. There are 450 acres of the finest land under the sun on its top, and nearly as much more sea marsh "appertains thereto," as the cone is almost surrounded by a lake of very deep clear water. A short canal of less than a quarter of a mile would connect the two ends of the horseshoe-shaped water, and make "Jefferson Island" one in reality. There is a splendid avenue of huge live oaks shading the great drive up to the mansion, which is a fine old residence built of brick laid in water lime, so that the entire structure is now as solid as stone.

The largest orange trees in Louisiana are on this place. It was out of the track of the two armies during the war and was not plundered as some of the Teche places were, and the orange tree finds something particularly congenial in the soil and air of Orange Island, as it was called before Jefferson bought it twenty-five years ago. There are good many orange trees in Mr. Jefferson's groves that are eighteen inches in diameter three feet from the ground, and one, the patriarch of the estate, is nearly three feet through. It still gives its annual crop as regularly as it did thirty golden years ago.

But the glory of the place is in its game and fish. It is protected by four families of Acadian hunters, who still use the 36-inch 16-bore muzzle-loader and manage to kill an uncommonly large quantity of game with them, too. These people keep off all other hunters from these waters, for Mr. Jefferson leaves the place alone six months at a time and maintains a good supply of boats and fishing appurtenances. I have never seen such flocks of all kinds of waterfowl as are the winter wild life on the lake, and the showy water and high grass of the sea marsh of Jefferson's Island. Wild Canada geese, the Western brant, the snow goose, or white-fronted goose, wild ducks of every species, mallards, black ducks, "French" ducks—a species of large duck whose scientific name I do not know—bluebills, the gorgeous-plumed wood duck, shining like an opal in the morning southern sun as he preens himself and majestically accepts the homage of his modest-hued spouse, an occasional flock of swans; these make up the migrating waterfowl. Then, too, there are the native birds; the great white ibis, the wood ibis, grosbeaks and bee-eaters, entirely distinct birds, each evidently of the ibis family, the shy "flamant"—flamingo, a rare bird, a crested spoonbill, complete a list of birds which are often seen as they can be seen in the great sea marsh and the heavy timber of Jefferson Island. Of the two kinds of teal there are simply uncountable little flocks. They are not cannoneaded and scared to death on their feeding grounds by hunters. The few that are killed are shot on the narrow strip of land between the points of the horseshoe as they fly fearlessly across. Snipe and woodcock in the cornfields there are an abundance from one point to another.

The fishing is equally fine. Huge 10-pound big-mouth bass can be seen any of these splendid Louisiana mornings leaping and cascading schools of minnows up the shallow bays and coves, where duck food is abundant. There are black bass, croppers, white and black perch, channel catfish, "goggle eyes," and the long, lean, hard-fighting pike. There are other varieties, but neither time nor editorial patience will permit a fuller list. And in the evening, to take a beautiful light sailboat when the wind begins to blow in from the summer sea, whose gentle ripple you can almost hear, and glide down the seven miles stretch of deep water, as the Southern moon rises broad and red in the east like a burning world; with all the mysterious sounds of the night-life of nature softly repeated from copice, grove or woodland, and then disappearing away in the misty blue, these things are some of the charms of winter life in the furthest south.

The fishing is equally fine.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

PASADENA.

An Exciting Runaway on Colorado Street.

A Carriage Containing a Bridal Party Badly Wrecked.

The Happy Couple Escape Uninjured, But One Man Seriously Hurt.

Disastrous Results Prevented by Prompt Action of an Overland Passenger—Another Church Building—General News.

[Branch office, No. 50 East Colorado street, where news, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.]

W. B. Broadwell of San Bernardino and Miss Sophia Anderson of St. Louis were married yesterday noon at the residence of G. E. McHenry, owner of Colorado street and Los Robles avenue, Rev. J. W. Phelps officiating. It was not a runaway match by any means, but Mr. McHenry being a brother-in-law of the groom, the wedding was held at his residence for convenience.

After the ceremony Mr. McHenry hitched up his horse to the family carriage for the purpose of taking the newly-married couple to the westbound overland train, it being their intention of spending the honeymoon at San Diego. They had gone but a short distance down Colorado street, when the horse became unmanageable and started to run away. Mr. McHenry guided the animal as best he could and turned into Raymond avenue, home of the station agent of the overland, arrival before the depot was reached. At the corner of Kansas street the carriage was overturned and the bride and groom were thrown out. Mr. McHenry retained his hold upon the lines, but was dragged underneath the carriage, and the horse was stopped by an overland passenger, who sprang from the train just in time to prevent the horse from dashing into the depot platform among the crowd gathered there. Mr. McHenry was rescued from personal participation and was found to be only badly, but not seriously, hurt. In addition to a cut across the temple and a mashed thumb he was badly bruised about the body.

The bride and groom soon came up and the ladies on the train attended to the former's injuries. The horse was recaptured and his clothes brushed and the newly-married couple got on the train and departed amid the cheers of the passengers, not much the worse for their experience. Mr. McHenry was removed to his home, where he was given medical attention.

The marriage was created intense excitement, happening, as it did, upon the arrival of the overland, which usually attracts a large crowd.

A CITY OF CHURCHES.

The colored people of Pasadena, who have long been without a place of worship of their own, on Saturday made arrangements to reconstruct an old building, recently purchased, which stands on North Fair Oaks avenue, above Villa street, and will hereafter be used as their church. This reminds one that Pasadena can truthfully be called a city of churches. All the leading denominations are represented by eleemosynary societies, and the largest gathering of able ministers. In addition to the Methodist, Presbyterian, Episcopal, Congregational, Baptist, Universalist, Friends, Christian, Catholic, German Lutheran, and other Protestant churches, there are a number of independent societies, all devoted to religious work.

The most devoted Christian can find no fault with the facilities afforded here for the exercise of his religious faith, and all along the line of moral and moral effort here a zeal and energy shown which will meet the expectations of all newcomers.

REVIEWS.

The overland came in on time yesterday. An alarm has not been sent in to fire headquarters for over thirty days.

Yesterday was an unusually quiet day in town, but the church attendance was large.

Capt. Tubbs returned yesterday from Honolulu, after an absence of several years.

George W. Cable and Max O'Reilly appeared at the opera house next Friday evening.

Mrs. Ellen B. Farr will give a progressive eucharist party at the Green this evening.

White navy beans sell in Boston for 10 cents a pint and in Pasadena for 5 cents per pound.

Alexander Frye, San Bernardino, and F. L. Moore, Los Angeles are registered at the Green.

There will be a business men's meeting in the Methodist Episcopal Church this morning at 8 o'clock.

The United Presbyterians, now worshipping in Strong's Hall, are thinking of building a new church.

The E. P. Lodge will work in the first degree tomorrow night, and will initiate several new members.

Bicycle riders are again enjoying trips to the country. The roads are now reported to be in good condition.

Newton Claypool, a prominent business man of Indianapolis, is stopping with his wife at the Green.

The members of Co. B have decided to print a special newspaper monthly, an election was held the other day and officers for the ensuing year were elected.

W. H. Bradley of Santa Paula will move to Los Angeles and go into the mining business.

Reserve seats for the Georgia minstrels Wednesday evening will be on sale at Suerer's at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

A "high" one of the attractions at the opera house will be the last of the Universalists' church next Friday evening.

The Times will hereafter arrive in Pasadena at 5:55 a.m., thus enabling the carriers to deliver the papers earlier than usual.

William A. Middleton, aged 58, living on Herkner street, died late Saturday evening. His widow, Mrs. Middleton, was buried on the 13th.

At a meeting of the Pasadena fire department held yesterday afternoon resolution of sympathy over the death of Harry Hastings, who was a long member of the engine company, were passed.

The fast train which carries the Times through Pasadena to San Bernardino attracted a great deal of interest yesterday as it passed through this city on its return trip, covered with streamers.

A flower display is being talked of and is to be put up for the early part of May. The object will be to have a display during the visit of the editor. The Valley Hunt Club will probably take the lead in the matter.

Services were yesterday held at Lippscott's chapel over the remains of the deceased.

Services were held Sunday week on Waverly Drive. The remains were embalmed and sent to her former home in Burlingame, Wis.

There will be an interesting entertainment in the Tabernacle on Washington's birthday. Prof. Beesing of the State Normal school, Los Angeles, is training a selected class of twelve young ladies, who

will give an exhibition of club swinging and of long-wand exercises. There will also be a dramatic program.

At the annual district convention of the Y.M.C.A., to be held at Redlands on the 11th, 12th and 13th proximo, the opening address will be delivered by the Rev. D. D. Hill, pastor of the First Congregational Church, Pasadena.

The crew of the Salvation Army will cut things loose in a racket like never before. A new Year will take place in their barracks. Several Los Angeles "guns" will participate in the affair, among whom will be "Racket" Rowell.

The ladies of the Christian Church will not serve dinner on Washington's birthday as they did, but by request will not Thursday at William's. They give an old-fashioned dinner, such as your mother used to cook, consisting of stuffed roast pig, pumpkin pie, etc.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A movement is on foot among some of the merchants of the city to get up a petition requesting the banks to dispense with the Saturday night closing of their doors. Bank clerks in a city of this size are worked no harder than other classes of clerks and that it works a particular hardship on many merchants, who sometimes require to meet wage accounts, and again frequently have to pay them, and they wish to deposit and cannot do so because noon and which they are consequently compelled to hold at a risk until Monday.

Several Eastern people who are now settled in Pasadena and are interested in what they have heard of having a mailing list, believe that the regular edition did not contain the Pasadena news, but that a special edition was sent to this city containing the same, are informed that such is not the case. There is one paper in the city which contains all the news and is printed late in the morning as will enable the papers to be forwarded on the outgoing trains. In fact, the Southern California news is one of the great features of the paper. Under the heading "Local News" one can hardly become so isolated in the southern part of the State as to fail to receive THE TIMES at the breakfast table, soon thereafter. Pasadenaans, who are in a neighboring city, can read virtually their home paper every morning.

VENTURA COUNTY.

An Electric Street Car Line to be Built in Ventura.

The Franchise to be Applied for on Monday—Justice and Constable Let Out on Habemus Corpus Proceedings—News Notes.

G. W. Chrisman, the head of the Land and Power Company of this place, will apply for Monday to the town board for a franchise to build an electric street car line over certain streets of this town. He will also apply to the supervisors to grant a franchise for building a line along Main Avenue and the road leading to the Ojai. His object will be to construct an electric street car system for this town and an electric line to the Ojai Valley. As he has abundant capital it is thought that the road will be built without any doubt.

The habeas corpus proceedings were decided in the Superior Court Friday in favor of petitioners. The court held that the ordinance passed by the supervisors changing corporate boundaries, but that they extended the authority to make appointments, as they should have been made by an election. The decision relieves Mr. Chrisman of his responsibility.

Sheriff Seymour received a telegram yesterday from H. B. Phillips to the effect that Charles Sattler, whom he was taking to San Quentin, a boy of six years, had escaped out of his window at 4 a.m. yesterday morning, San Francisco.

The Hueneme Star Company is hauling large quantities of their starch in barrels to the wharf for shipment to San Francisco.

The most devoted Christian can find no fault with the facilities afforded here for the exercise of his religious faith, and all along the line of moral and moral effort here a zeal and energy shown which will meet the expectations of all newcomers.

The overland came in on time yesterday. An alarm has not been sent in to fire headquarters for over thirty days.

Yesterday was an unusually quiet day in town, but the church attendance was large.

Capt. Tubbs returned yesterday from Honolulu, after an absence of several years.

George W. Cable and Max O'Reilly appeared at the opera house next Friday evening.

Mrs. Ellen B. Farr will give a progressive eucharist party at the Green this evening.

White navy beans sell in Boston for 10 cents a pint and in Pasadena for 5 cents per pound.

Alexander Frye, San Bernardino, and F. L. Moore, Los Angeles are registered at the Green.

There will be a business men's meeting in the Methodist Episcopal Church this morning at 8 o'clock.

The United Presbyterians, now worshipping in Strong's Hall, are thinking of building a new church.

The E. P. Lodge will work in the first

degree tomorrow night, and will initiate several new members.

Bicycle riders are again enjoying trips to the country. The roads are now reported to be in good condition.

Newton Claypool, a prominent business man of Indianapolis, is stopping with his wife at the Green.

The members of Co. B have decided to print a special newspaper monthly, an election was held the other day and officers for the ensuing year were elected.

W. H. Bradley of Santa Paula will move to Los Angeles and go into the mining business.

Reserve seats for the Georgia minstrels Wednesday evening will be on sale at Suerer's at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

A "high" one of the attractions at the opera house will be the last of the Universalists' church next Friday evening.

The Times will hereafter arrive in Pasadena at 5:55 a.m., thus enabling the carriers to deliver the papers earlier than usual.

William A. Middleton, aged 58, living on Herkner street, died late Saturday evening. His widow, Mrs. Middleton, was buried on the 13th.

At a meeting of the Pasadena fire department held yesterday afternoon resolution of sympathy over the death of Harry Hastings, who was a long member of the engine company, were passed.

The fast train which carries the Times through Pasadena to San Bernardino attracted a great deal of interest yesterday as it passed through this city on its return trip, covered with streamers.

A flower display is being talked of and is to be put up for the early part of May. The object will be to have a display during the visit of the editor. The Valley Hunt Club will probably take the lead in the matter.

Services were yesterday held at Lippscott's chapel over the remains of the deceased.

Services were held Sunday week on Waverly Drive. The remains were embalmed and sent to her former home in Burlingame, Wis.

There will be an interesting entertainment in the Tabernacle on Washington's birthday. Prof. Beesing of the State Normal school, Los Angeles, is training a selected class of twelve young ladies, who

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

"The Times Flyer" Was Cordially Received.

An Enterprise That is Appreciated by the People.

Opening of the New Athletic Grounds at Riverside.

It Will Take Place on the 22d Inst.—Escape of Charles Sattler, the Raisin Thief—Reported—News Notes and Personal.

SAN BERNARDINO.

[Branch office at Stewart Hotel newsstand, where news, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.]

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A movement is on foot among some of the merchants of the city to get up a petition requesting the banks to dispense with the Saturday night closing of their doors. Bank clerks in a city of this size are worked no harder than other classes of clerks and that it works a particular hardship on many merchants, who sometimes require to meet wage accounts, and again frequently have to pay them, and they wish to deposit and cannot do so because noon and which they are consequently compelled to hold at a risk until Monday.

The ladies of the Christian Church will not serve dinner on Washington's birthday as they did, but by request will not Thursday at William's. They give an old-fashioned dinner, such as your mother used to cook, consisting of stuffed roast pig, pumpkin pie, etc.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.

A circular has been received by a number of fruit-growers and nurserymen, and also by many requesting that people not destroy the trees. "The Black Knot" is entertained as to what the "Black Knot" is, but it is to be hoped that the populace will hasten at once to destroy it.



Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE POULTRY SHOW.

A Good Attendance at the Exhibit Yesterday.

Special Attractions for the Remaining Days—The Fowls Improving in Appearance—Auction Sale of Eggs This Evening.

The City Council meets as usual at 10 o'clock this morning.

Jerry B. Gussa, the Italian who is wanted for the shooting of his wife to commit murder, was taken up last night by an officer from that place.

"Vags," drunks and disturbers of the peace were quite numerous yesterday and the Police Court will be crowded with petty criminals today.

There are 12 telegrams remaining undelivered at the Western Union Telegraph Company's office for J. Smith Bridges, E. J. Well, William L. Allison, R. P. Keating, Miss Stella Alexander and Thomas Rhodes.

Miss Hazel Keyes and the monkey Yan Yan made another successful balloon ascent from the lake shore yesterday afternoon, which was witnessed by several thousand people. The street railroads, as usual, reaped a rich harvest.

There will probably be a lively meeting of the Board of Education this evening. Some of the members will not be present at the association meeting last Saturday afternoon, when officers for the ensuing year were elected, are of the opinion that the proceedings are not legal and they are on the warpath.

Postmaster Van Dusen received his commission from Washington Saturday evening, making him the tenth postmaster in the office today or tomorrow. As has been heretofore announced in THE TIMES, Thomas A. Lewis will be the chief deputy. No changes will be made in the clerical force for several days.

Old man Shultz of the Palace was arrested Saturday night on a charge of battery. He had trouble with the German drummer who has been in trouble with his hotel for some days past and has made several complaints to the police, and struck the drummer in the face, then took some hard sustenance and then proceeded to give him a good thrashing, even striking him after the police had interfered. Shultz was taken to the central police station and put in jail.

Last night Officer Ihm arrested a young man from China, who was obtained by threats. Reed and a barter were in a Chinese gambling place, and when the barter lost some money Reed dashed up a patrol badge and informed the Chinaman that he was breaking the law. The Chinaman offered to square the case by giving Reed \$2, which he took. The Chinaman then complained and Reed was arrested and locked up in the city prison.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

U.S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, Feb. 14, 1892.—At 5:07 a.m. the barometer registered 30.98; at 5:07 p.m. 30.08. Thermometer for compensating hours showed 64° and 65°. Maximum temperature 61°; minimum temperature, 55°. Rainfall for past twenty-four hours, trace.

Napa Soda at Wollf's, 124 N. Spring. Dewey's 5¢ cabinet photos reduced to 85¢. Hotel Arcadia, Santa Monica, is now open for the tourist season.

Opals 20 per cent reduction for ten days. Campbell's Curiosity Store, 225 S. Spring. Hatfield to San Diego and return Saturday and Sunday. Southern California Railway (Santa Fe route).

The Bakery, No. 325 West Fifth street, between Broadway and Hill, will open to-morrow. A delicacy in connection with the bakery.

Will your horse in pasture have your repining done. Buggies \$8 to \$12. carriages \$10 to \$15, at 225 and 224 East Second street. Marsh, the carriage painter.

Big opal sale at Campbell's Curiosity Store for next ten days. A new consignment has just been received from Mexico. People wishing fine opals will do well to see them.

The plan of repining done for the Forni concert will take place Saturday evening in our largest auditorium—the Simon Tabernacle. Hope street—was opened at Bartlett's music house Saturday morning. From the large number of seats reserved during the day Mr. Foran may with confidence look forward to an immense audience being present to greet him and the eminent artists engaged to assist him on this occasion.

"Santa Fe route," from the mild Pacific to the frigid Atlantic. We run tourist sleeping cars without change in our excursions from Los Angeles to Boston via the Grand San Fransisco and eastward. We have board of all the best agents, who will take pleasure in looking after our patrons. You will save time and expense by calling at our city office, 129 North Spring street, or at the First street station, and purchase your ticket by the "old reliable Santa Fe" route, through car service (without change).

MRS. OPPENHEIMER'S DRESS.

Sold by a Landlady as Security for Room Rent.

Rather a singular case came under the observation of the authorities Saturday. An officer was sent out to investigate the matter and found that no crime has been committed, but the story is worth telling.

A short time ago Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Oppenheimer were living with a Mrs. Knight, or had rooms in that lady's house, and for a time all seemed to be going smooth, but a change came over Mr. Oppenheimer's spirit, he became ill, his wife quarreled and separated. What they quarreled about is not known, but it must have been a bitter misunderstanding, for Oppenheimer not only left his wife without money, but he failed to pay the rent of his own room in the house, and that little piece of absent-mindedness on his part is the real cause of all his wife's trouble.

As soon as Mrs. Knight learned of the separation she demanded Oppenheimer's rent from his deserted wife and when that lady refused to pony up the landlady took possession of one of Mrs. Oppenheimer's fine dresses and put it under lock and key, declaring that she would hold it until the room rent was paid.

The loss of the dress caused Mrs. Oppenheimer more trouble than did the loss of her husband, so she at once started for the District Attorney's office and wanted a warrant for Mrs. Knight's arrest, but the officers could not see how a case could be made to stick and she was advised to bring a civil action in the matter and recover her dress by that means.

Mrs. Oppenheimer declares that she will get even in some way and further developments are expected.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a child, she craved for Castoria. When she became Miss, she craved for Castoria. When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

DEATH!

On Prices.

Those that now prevail at the

PARISIAN

Cloak and Suit
Company,

217 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Are but a mere emblem of their former selves. The importation of the unsurpassable

ORIENTAL ART ROOMS!



Constantinople.

Important

TO

.... Turkish Rug Buyers

By special request of our many patrons we have decided to have a final Auction Sale today at 11 a.m., 1:30 and 8 p.m. at 213 South Broadway (Potomac Block.) This is undoubtedly the grandest opportunity ever offered to buy the choicest specimens of Oriental Rugs. This stock represents \$100,000. Today you are permitted to select any piece in the collection and it will be put up and sold to the highest bidder.

Costikyan & Bedrosian, IMPORTERS.

N.B.—A WORD OF WARNING—It is economy to buy Rugs at auction, but it depends entirely upon where you purchase, what, and of whom. A poor Oriental Rug is dear at any price. At 213 South Broadway you will find the grandest collection ever seen in the United States, and you are assured of

A FAIR PUBLIC SALE.

\$25 IN GOLD.



GRAND WORD CONTEST

AT... REDLANDS ORANGE LANDS

On 10 years' time

20 ACRES OF THE finest orange land within 1 mile of the two railroad depots at Redlands for \$300 per acre, including the water piped to the highest corner. Only \$300 cash down and the balance can run for ten (10) years at 6 1/4 per cent. interest; 5 acres or 10 acres of it will be sold at the same price and terms.

1 TWO-STORY HOUSE and 4 1/4 acres of Washington Naval oranges on the finest residence street in Redlands. Price only \$6000; one-third cash down, in balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 6 1/4 per cent. net interest.

10 ACRES only two blocks from the Redlands postoffice; all in fine orange trees 6 years old. If sold immediately only \$10,000; this property is worth nearly double the amount to sell as city lots at present prices.

10, 20, 40 or 80 ACRES on Montone Highlands adjoining the famous Montone Nurseries where the lemon buds have grown 8 feet last season, and orange buds 6 feet without being fertilized; where the severe frosts of this winter have not injured a single tree; where it is so calm that the orange trees do not require any stakes; where children, being pleasant to take, and immediately bear fruit.

To the person sending me, before March 1, 1892, the largest list of words, constructed from letters, which will appear in the following words White Pine Balsam. This medicine needs no word of praise to those who have tried it, but we beg to call your attention to the fact that the name of this product is "White Pine Balsam." It is used as a lung tonic, and is said to be everything as a lung and cough preparation. For coughs, colds, whooping cough, croup, grippe, hoarseness, and all facial troubles, it is a valuable remedy for children, being pleasant to take, and immediately bearing fruit.

In order to increase the sales of the popular preparation, White Pine Balsam, the proprietor has decided to inaugurate an interesting prize competition, open to all persons using his preparation, to be held in the month of April. Name White Pine Balsam. This medicine needs no word of praise to those who have tried it, but we beg to call your attention to the fact that the name of this product is "White Pine Balsam." It is used as a lung tonic, and is said to be everything as a lung and cough preparation. For coughs, colds, whooping cough, croup, grippe, hoarseness, and all facial troubles, it is a valuable remedy for children, being pleasant to take, and immediately bearing fruit.

To the person sending me, before March 1, 1892, the largest list of words, constructed from letters, which will appear in the following words White Pine Balsam. The letters W and M, for instance, can be used once in each word, while the letters I and E can be used twice.

3 Words having more than one meaning, but spelled the same way, can only be used once.

4 Names of places and persons are not admissible.

5 Letters only must contain English and Anglo-Saxon words only.

6 Letters only must appear as many times in the word as the letter in the word itself.

7 All words must be classified under their initial letters, and must begin with a letter which must be classed together, and other letters in like manner.

8 Letters must be used in the order of the list, the first letter to be awarded to the person whose name shall be registered the earliest, hence the importance of sending the pins correctly and having your name registered as soon as possible.

9 A dollar bottle of White Pine Balsam will be delivered free to any express office, and will be sent to the address given below.

Address all communications, Pine cone, care of W. BRAUN & CO., 401-409 N. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Do not offer as it will only appear for a short time.

The price of White Pine Balsam is 30c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Trade marks few and rare will entitle sender to registration. Facsimile of trade mark is inserted above.

Apply to W. P. MCINTOSH, Gen. Manager,
144 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

NOTHING! CAN CHECK IT.
CHECK WHAT?

Teeth Extracted Free

FROM 8 TO 9 A. M.



Packed in
Patent Cloth
Pouches and
in Foil.

T HE SALE OF LANDS AT EAST WHITTIER! The breeze which they called a gentle zephyr that shook 'em up at Pasadena didn't hurt East Whittier.

The frost that so seriously afflicted nearly the whole of Southern California did not touch East Whittier.

The cyclone that is whizzing about the Reform School, although it is close, does not bother East Whittier.

The talk about war with Chile doesn't chill East Whittier as the big guns of the Esmeralda or the Capt. Pratt, when she comes, won't reach East Whittier.

The big rains the prophets say are coming won't hurt East Whittier, as she is above 'em all, snug against the foothills warm and sunny, her young lemon trees in bloom; her 3-year orange trees loaded with golden fruit, and her sales going merrily on to the tune of first come, first served.

Buy a Ten,
Set it out,
Let it grow;
Few years make
You rich.
Live happy ever after.

It's a fact that the choicest locations are going fast so come and make your selection. \$200 per acre is still the price.

Care on DR. JESSOP at Whittier; he has the easiest riding cart on the road and will show you the lands. Bring along your wife as she will want to see the land too, and it will save your going back to consult. For any question you want answered write the Doctor, or

A. L. REED, Gen. Manager.
At Whittier.

Now Open! —THE— Grandest Exhibit

Thoroughbred Poultry and Pigeons!

Ever held on the Pacific Coast!

Armory Hall, S. Broadway, Opp. Postoffice.

Electric and Cable Cars pass the door.

ADMISSION, 50c. CHILDREN, under 12, 10c. Family Tickets, good for eight admissions, \$1. ^{OPEN} All day and evening.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL...

Photographic materials of all kinds Detective, View and Kodak cameras; amateur outfit at Eastern prices. Developing, printing and finishing for amateurs. Orders filled promptly. Send for catalogue.

DEWEY BROS. & CO.

147 S. MAIN ST.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

USE INJECTION TRUE

Guarantees Cures for Gonorrhœa, Chronic Gleet, Runny Ulcers or Scurfings, and Leucorrhœa of longstanding positively cured from 5 to 12 days. Sold by Dr. J. A. Williams, 129 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Calif.

Price, \$1. P. O. Box 55.

* Ask your druggist for INJECTION TRUE

Eclaireur, a dark bay, foaled in 1887. His official number in Belgian Stud Book is 3210.

Rival Star, a light bay, with star in forehead, foaled in 1887. His official number in Belgian Stud Book is 4388.

Apply to WOLFG & LEHMANN, Huensma.

Los Angeles, Calif.

Eclaireur.

Rival Star, a light bay, with star in forehead, foaled in 1887. His official number in Belgian Stud Book is 4388.

Rival Star.

Rival Star, a light bay, with star in forehead, foaled in 1887. His official number in Belgian Stud Book is 4388.

Rival Star.

Rival Star.